OFFICE OF THE CLERK, U.S. HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, Washington, DC, July 13, 1993.

Hon. THOMAS S. FOLEY.

The Speaker,

House of Representatives,

Washington, DC.

DEAR MR. SPEAKER: Pursuant to the permission granted in Clause 5 of Rule III of the Rules of the U.S. House of Representatives, the Clerk received the following message from the Secretary of the Senate on Friday, July 2, 1993 at 10:41 a.m. that the Senate passed without amendment: H.R. 588; H.J. Res. 213 and appoints additional conferees: H.R. 2264.

With great respect, I am
Sincerely yours,
DONNALD K. ANDERSON,
Clerk, House of Representatives.

¶80.8 NAVAL VESSELS TRANSFERS

Mr. HAMILTON moved to suspend the rules and pass the bill (H.R. 2561) to authorize the transfer of naval vessels to certain foreign countries; as amended

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. MONTGOMERY, recognized Mr. HAM-ILTON and Mr. GILMAN, each for 20 minutes.

After debate,

The question being put, viva voce,

Will the House suspend the rules and pass said bill, as amended?

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. MONTGOMERY, announced that two-thirds of the Members present had voted in the affirmative.

So, two-thirds of the Members present having voted in favor thereof, the rules were suspended and said bill, as amended, was passed.

A motion to reconsider the vote whereby the rules were suspended and said bill, as amended, was passed was, by unanimous consent, laid on the table.

Ordered, That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Senate in said bill.

¶80.9 MARINE BIOTECHNOLOGY PROGRAM

Mr. STUDDS moved to suspend the rules and pass the bill (H.R. 1916) to establish a marine biotechnology program within the National Sea Grant College Program; as amended.

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. MONTGOMERY, recognized Mr. STUDDS and Mr. WELDON, each for 20 minutes

After debate,

The question being put, viva voce,

Will the House suspend the rules and pass said bill, as amended?

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. MONTGOMERY, announced that two-thirds of the Members present had voted in the affirmative.

So, two-thirds of the Members present having voted in favor thereof, the rules were suspended and said bill, as amended, was passed.

A motion to reconsider the vote whereby the rules were suspended and said bill, as amended, was passed was, by unanimous consent, laid on the table.

Ordered, That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Senate in said bill.

¶80.10 NATIONAL AVIARY IN PITTSBURGH

Mr. STUDDS moved to suspend the rules and pass the bill (H.R. 927) to designate the Pittsburgh Aviary in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, as the National Aviary in Pittsburgh.

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. MONTGOMERY, recognized Mr. STUDDS and Mr. WELDON, each for 20 minutes.

After debate,

The question being put, viva voce,

Will the House suspend the rules and pass said bill?

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. MONTGOMERY, announced that two-thirds of the Members present had voted in the affirmative.

So, two-thirds of the Members present having voted in favor thereof, the rules were suspended and said bill was passed.

A motion to reconsider the vote whereby the rules were suspended and said bill was passed was, by unanimous consent, laid on the table.

Ordered, That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Senate in said bill.

¶80.11 PANAMA CANAL COMMISSION AUTHORIZATION

Mr. STUDDS moved to suspend the rules and pass the bill (H.R. 1522) to authorize expenditures for fiscal year 1994 for the operation and maintenance of the Panama Canal, and for other purposes; as amended.

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. MONTGOMERY, recognized Mr. STUDDS and Mr. WELDON, each for 20 minutes.

After debate.

The question being put, viva voce,

Will the House suspend the rules and pass said bill, as amended?

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. MONTGOMERY, announced that two-thirds of the Members present had voted in the affirmative.

So, two-thirds of the Members present having voted in favor thereof, the rules were suspended and said bill, as amended, was passed.

A motion to reconsider the vote whereby the rules were suspended and said bill, as amended, was passed was, by unanimous consent, laid on the table.

Ordered, That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Senate in said bill.

¶80.12 PROVIDING FOR THE CONSIDERATION OF H.R. 2010

Mr. FROST, by direction of the Committee on Rules, called up the following resolution (H. Res. 215):

Resolved. That at any time after the adoption of this resolution the Speaker may, pursuant to clause 1(b) of rule XXIII, declare the House resolved into the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union for consideration of the bill (H.R. 2010) to amend the National and Community Service Act of 1990 to establish a Corporation for National Service, enhance opportunities for national service, and provide national service educational awards to persons participating in such service, and for other purposes. The first reading of the bill shall be dispensed with. Points of order against consideration

of the bill for failure to comply with section 302(f) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 are waived. General debate shall be confined to the bill and shall not exceed three hours equally divided and controlled by the chairman and ranking minority member of the Committee on Education and Labor. After general debate the Committee of the Whole shall rise without motion. No further consideration of the bill shall be in order except pursuant to a subsequent order of the House.

When said resolution was considered. After debate,

On motion of Mr. FROST, the previous question was ordered on the resolution to its adoption or rejection.

The question being put, viva voce, Will the House agree to said resolution?

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. MONTGOMERY, announced that the yeas had it.

Mr. DREIER objected to the vote on the ground that a quorum was not present and not voting.

A quorum not being present,

The roll was called under clause 4, rule XV, and the call was taken by electronic device.

When there appeared $\begin{cases} Yeas \dots 239 \\ Nays \dots 159 \end{cases}$

¶80.13 [Roll No. 322] YEAS—239

English (AZ) Abercrombie Lambert Ackerman English (OK) Lancaster Andrews (ME) Eshoo Lantos LaRocco Andrews (NJ) Evans Andrews (TX) Farr Lazio Applegate Bacchus (FL) Fazio Lehman Fields (LA) Levin Lewis (GA) Baesler Filner Barca Fingerhut Flake Lloyd Barcia Long Barlow Foglietta Lowey Barrett (WI) Ford (MI) Ford (TN) Maloney Mann Becerra Beilenson Frank (MA) Manton Berman Frost Margolies-Mezvinsky Bevill Furse Bilbray Gejdenson Markey Bishop Geren Martinez Gibbons Bonior Matsui Borski Glickman Mazzoli McCloskey Boucher Gonzalez Brewster Gordon McCurdy McDermott Brooks Green Gunderson McHale Browder Brown (CA) Gutierrez McKinney Brown (FL) Hall (OH) McNulty Hall (TX) Brown (OH) Meehan Byrne Hamburg Meek Cantwell Menendez Hamilton Miller (CA) Cardin Harman Carr Hastings Mineta Hayes Hefner Chapman Minge Clay Mink Clayton Hilliard Moakley Clement Hinchev Montgomery Clyburn Hoagland Murphy Hochbrueckner Murtha Coleman Collins (IL) Holden Nadler Collins (MI) Hoyer Natcher Cooper Hughes Neal (MA) Coppersmith Costello Neal (NC) Hutto Inslee Oberstar Coyne Jacobs Obey Jefferson Danner Olver Darden Johnson (GA) Ortiz de la Garza Johnson (SD) Orton Johnson, E. B. Deal Owens DeLauro Johnston Pallone Derrick Kanjorski Pastor Payne (NJ) Deutsch Kennedy Kennelly Payne (VA) Dingell Kildee Pelosi Dixon Kleczka Penny Klein Peterson (FL) Durbin Klink Peterson (MN) Edwards (CA) Kopetski Pickett Kreidler Edwards (TX)

LaFalce

Pomerov

Engel

Poshard Serrano Thompson Thurman Price (NC) Sharp Rahall Torres Shays Torricelli Rangel Shepherd Traficant Reed Sisisky Reynolds Unsoeld Skaggs Valentine Richardson Skelton Velazquez Roemer Slattery Rose Slaughter Vento Visclosky Rostenkowski Smith (IA) Volkmer Rowland Spratt Stark Roybal-Allard Washington Waters Stenholm Sabo Strickland Waxman Sanders Studds Wheat Sangmeister Stupak Whitten Sarpalius Swett Swift Williams Sawyer Woolsey Schenk Synar Wyden Schroeder Tanner Wvnn Schumer Tauzin Yates Scott Tejeda

NAYS-159

Allard Goodling Nussle Oxley Packard Archer Goss Grams Armev Bachus (AL) Grandy Paxon Baker (CA) Baker (LA) Greenwood Petri Hancock Pombo Ballenger Barrett (NE) Hansen Porter Hastert Portman Hefley Bartlett Pryce (OH) Bateman Herger Quillen Bentley Hobson Quinn Hoekstra Ramstad Bereuter Bilirakis Hoke Ravenel Bliley Horn Regula Ridge Blute Houghton Boehner Hunter Roberts Hutchinson Bonilla Rogers Rohrabacher Bunning Hyde Burton Inglis Ros-Lehtinen Buyer Inhofe Roth CaĬlahan Istook Roukema Johnson (CT) Calvert Royce Johnson, Sam Santorum Camp Canady Saxton Castle King Schaefer Coble Kingston Schiff Collins (GA) Klug Knollenberg Sensenbrenner Combest Shaw Kolbe Shuster Crane Skeen Smith (MI) Crapo Cunningham Leach DeLay Levy Smith (NJ) Lewis (CA) Diaz-Balart Smith (TX) Lightfoot Dickey Snowe Doolittle Linder Solomon Dornan Livingston Machtley Spence Stearns Dreier Dunn Manzullo Stump Sundquist Talent Emerson McCandless McCollum Everett Taylor (NC) Fawell McCrery Fields (TX) Thomas (CA) Thomas (WY) McDade McHugh Fish Fowler McInnis Torkildsen McMillan Meyers Upton Vucanovich Franks (CT) Franks (NJ) Gallo Walker Mica Michel Gekas Walsh Gilchrest Miller (FL) Weldon Gillmor Molinari Wolf Gilman Moorhead Young (AK) Zeliff Gingrich Morella Goodlatte Zimmer

NOT VOTING-36

Barton	Ewing	Mollohan
Blackwell	Gallegly	Moran
Boehlert	Gephardt	Parker
Bryant	Henry	Smith (OR)
Clinger	Huffington	Stokes
Condit	Kaptur	Taylor (MS)
Conyers	Kasich	Thornton
Cox	Laughlin	Towns
Cramer	Lewis (FL)	Tucker
DeFazio	Lipinski	Wilson
Dellums	McKeon	Wise
Duncan	Mfumo	Voung (FI.)

So the resolution was agreed to.

A motion to reconsider the vote whereby said resolution was agreed to was, by unanimous consent, laid on the table.

¶80.14 ARMORED CAR INDUSTRY RECIPROCITY

On motion of Mrs. COLLINS of Illinois, by unanimous consent, the bill (H.R. 1189) to entitle certain armored car crew members to lawfully carry a weapon in any State while protecting the security of valuable goods in interstate commerce in the service of an armored car company; together with the following amendment of the Senate thereto, was taken from the Speaker's

Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert:

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Armored Car Industry Reciprocity Act of 1993".

SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

Congress finds that-

(1) the distribution of goods and services to consumers in the United States requires the free flow of currency, bullion, securities, food stamps, and other items of unusual value in interstate commerce;

(2) the armored car industry transports and protects such items in interstate commerce, including daily transportation of currency and food stamps valued at more than \$1,000,000,000:

(3) armored car crew members are often subject to armed attack by individuals attempting to steal such items;

(4) to protect themselves and the items they transport, such crew members are armed with weapons;

(5) various States require both weapons training and a criminal record background check before licensing a crew member to carry a weapon; and

(6) there is a need for each State to reciprocally accept weapons licenses of other States for armored car crew members to assure the free and safe transport of valuable items in interstate commerce.

SEC. 3. STATE RECIPROCITY OF WEAPONS LI-CENSES ISSUED TO ARMORED CAR COMPANY CREW MEMBERS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—If an armored car crew member employed by an armored car company has in effect a license issued by the appropriate State agency (in the State in which such member is primarily employed by such company) to carry a weapon while acting in the services of such company in that State, and such State agency meets the minimum State requirements under subsection (b), then such crew member shall be entitled to lawfully carry any weapon to which such license relates in any State while such crew member is acting in the service of

(b) MINIMUM STATE REQUIREMENTS.—A State agency meets the minimum State requirements of this subsection if in issuing a weapons license to an armored car crew member described in subsection (a), the agency requires the crew member to provide information on an annual basis to the satisfaction of the agency that-

(1) the crew member has received classroom and range training in weapons safety and marksmanship during the current year by a qualified instructor for each weapon that the crew member is licensed to carry;

(2) the receipt or possession of a weapon by the crew member would not violate Federal law, determined on the basis of a criminal record background check conducted during the current year.

SEC. 4. RELATION TO OTHER LAWS.

This Act shall supersede any provision of State law (or the law of any political subdivision of a State) that is inconsistent with this Act.

SEC. 5. DEFINITIONS.

As used in this Act:
(1) The term "armored car crew member" means an individual who provides protection for goods transported by an armored car

(2) The term "armored car company" means a company-

(A) subject to regulation under subchapter II of chapter 105 of title 49, United States Code; and

(B) holding the appropriated certificate, permit, or license issued under subchapter II of chapter 109 of such title, in order to engage in the business of transporting and protecting currency, bullion, securities, precious metals, food stamps, and other articles

of unusual value in interstate commerce.
(3) The term "State" means any State of the United States or the District of Columbia.

On motion of Mrs. COLLINS of Illinois, said Senate amendment was agreed to.

A motion to reconsider the vote whereby said Senate amendment was agreed to was, by unanimous consent,

laid on the table.

Ordered, That the Clerk notify the Senate thereof.

¶80.15 CORPORATION FOR NATIONAL

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. MONTGOMERY, pursuant to House Resolution 215 and rule XXIII, declared the House resolved into the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union for the consideration of the bill (H.R. 2010) to amend the National and Community Service Act of 1990 to establish a Corporation for National Service, enhance opportunities for national service, and provide national service educational awards to persons participating in such service, and for other purposes.

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. MONTGOMERY, by unanimous consent, designated Mr. FIELDS of Louisiana as Chairman of the Committee of the Whole; and after some time spent therein,

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Ms. DELAURO, assumed the Chair.

When Mr. FIELDS of Louisiana, Chairman, reported that the Committee, having had under consideration said bill, had come to no resolution

$\P 80.16$ NATIONAL VETERANS GOLDEN AGE GAMES WEEK

On motion of Ms. BYRNE, by unanimous consent, the Committee on Post Office and Civil Service was discharged from further consideration of the joint resolution (H.J. Res. 190) designating July 17 through July 23, 1993, as "National Veterans Golden Age Games

When said joint resolution was considered, read twice, ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, was read a third time by title, and passed.

A motion to reconsider the vote whereby said joint resolution was passed was, by unanimous consent, laid on the table.

Ordered, That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Senate in said joint resolution.